

2) 3-23 Compute the oscillation frequencies, periods and amplitude after 2 periods (as a fraction of A_0) for the circuit shown for $L = 0.01$ H, $C = 10 \mu\text{F}$, and $R = 10 \Omega$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 L &= 0.01 \text{ H} \\
 C &= 10.0 \mu\text{F} = 0.00001 \text{ F} \\
 R &= 10.0 \Omega \\
 \omega_N &= \sqrt{1/CL} = 3162.2777 \text{ s}^{-1} \\
 \nu_N &= \omega_N/2\pi = 4967.29 \text{ Hz} \\
 \tau_N &= 1/\nu_N = 2.013\text{E-}04 \text{ s} \\
 \beta &= R/2L = 500 \text{ s}^{-1} \\
 \omega_S &= \sqrt{[(\omega_N)^2 - \beta^2]} = 3122.499 \text{ s}^{-1} \\
 \nu_S &= \omega_S/2\pi = 4904.81 \\
 \tau_S &= 1/\nu_S = 2.039\text{E-}04 \\
 A(2\tau_S) &= A_0 e^{-2\beta\tau_S} = 0.815559 A_0 \\
 \mathbf{x(t)} &= \mathbf{e^{-500t} \text{Cos}(3122.5 t)}
 \end{aligned}$$

